RALEIGH, NORTH-CAROLINA, WED NESDAY.

NOVEMBER

WHOLE NUMBER 1232.

Morth-Carolina Standard WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. FRANK. I. WILSON, Associate Editor.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY-Two Dollars per annum nvariably in advance.
TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—Four Dollars per annum, invariably in advance.

All papers are discontinued at the expiration of the time for

which they have been paid. Terms of Advertising in the Semi-Weekly Standard.
Our regular rates of advertising are as follows:
One square, (14 lines or less) first insertion, - \$1 00

Each subsequent insertion, - - - - -Longer advertisements in proportion. Contracts will be made with advertisers, at the above regular rates, for six or twelve months, and at the close of the contract 38% per cent. will be deducted from the gross.

Professional or business Cards, not exceeding five lines will be inserted in either the Weekly or Semi-Weekly, for \$6 for six months, or \$10 for twelve months; or in both papers for \$10 for six months, or \$15 for twelve months.

Terms of Advertising in the Weekly Standard. One dollar per square for the first insertion, and 25 cts. for each subsequent insertion. No deduction will be made on Weekly advertisements, no matter how long they may run. Only a limited number of advertisements will be admitted into the Weekly. All advertisements, not otherwise directed, are inserted in the Semi-Weekly, and charged accord-

ingly. When the number of insertions is not marked on the advertisement it is inserted until forbid.

The Standard.

* * Money sent us by mail is at our risk.

RALEIGH, SATURDAY, OCT. 30, 1858.

HOLDEN & WILSON, STATE PRINTERS,

UTHORIZED PUBLISHERS OF THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The next House of Representatives.

The next House of Representatives will consist of 237 members. Of these eighty-five have been elected. Fifty-two of these are black Republicans and thirty-three Democrats. The States yet to elect are as follows: Alabama, Connecticut, California, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Carolina, New York, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and Wisconsin. In the present House these States are represented by eighty eight Democrats, fifty-two black Republicans, and twelve Southern Know Nothings. If, therefore, in the elections yet to take place the black Republicans shall make a clear gain of fourteen members, they will have a majority of the pext House of Representatives. If, however, in the elections to be held the Democrats should hold their own, they will have the House by seventeen majority.

Will they do it? We confess we have our fears. Democracy is losing in the free States by the fidelity with which it maintains the Constitutional rights of the South, and the anti-slavery cause is gaining.

The Richmond Enquirer.

The Richmond Enquirer has been considerably enlarged, and appears in a new dress from "top to toe." The Enquirer is now looking remarkably well, and gives evidence in its columns of great, continuous and well-sustained labor. We do not agree with the Editors in some of their recent views; but this will not prevent us from bearing cheerful testimony to the ability with which the paper is conducted, nor from wishing the establishment the most abundant pecuniary success.

The Enquirer establishment is doubtless the largest and best arranged in the Southern States. There is a Bindery connected with the establishment, and also a lithographic department, the only one, by the way, in the South. The number of presses employed is six, to wit, a large newspaper cylinder press; a large book press, manufactured by Adams; a large hand press for posters, and three hand presses for jobs. The presses are driven by an engine of fourteen horse power. The Editors conclude their description of their new establishment as follows:

"Our readers will be enabled to form a correct estimate of the extent of our operations, when they are informed that the number of hands kept constantly imployed in our several departments amounts to eighty-six, exclusive of collectors. We have among this number, representatives of divers nationalities and creeds. We have Americans, English, Irish, Scotch, French, Germans, Italians-Episcopalians, Presbyterians, Methodists, Baptists, Catholics, Universalists, Campbellites, &c., &c. Who will doubt that we have a fair diversity in nationalities and creeds? And strange, the relations of this apparently heterogenous assembly are of the most pleasing and agreeable character. They pull together like noble fellows.

The number of gas lights in our establishment is one hundred and thirty, all of which will be in full blaze during the winter months. The effect of these reflected through the series of windows in our establishment, must needs be imposing. We may well say that they will impart considerable vitality to that part of the city. The whole establishment is likewise heated by steam from the boiler, conveyed in pipes through the various departments."

Hon. A. V. Brown.

One of the correspondents of the Columbus (Miss.) Demograt, referring to the Presidency, and taking it for granted that Mr. Buchanan will not be a candidate for re-election, expresses a preference for Hon. A. V. Brown, of Tennessee, the present able and popular Postmaster General. The correspondent savs:

"In this connection, many influential journals are mentioning the name of A. V. Brown, of Tennessee, ever avoided that most dangerous of all issues,tions, arising from the conflicting interests of States and men, it is not at all improbable that a majority of its members would be willing to unite upon the middle ground, afforded them by Tennessee, the State, and A. V. Brown, the Man."

Deaths by Fever. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—The deaths by yellow fever, in the Charity Hospital, for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 P. M., Saturday evening, were

The stockholders of this Road held their annual meeting in this City on Thursday last. Unusual interest was manifested in the affairs of the Company, and a large number of stockholders from the Cities of Petersburg and Norfolk and from the Counties of Warren, Granville, Franklin and Wake were in at-

Judge Ruffin appeared in the meeting as the State's

holders, but the whole matter was left to the Board of Directors, to be examined and attended to as they

The following resolutions, introduced by Mr. R. H. Kingsbury, of Granville, were on motion of Mr. Rives, of Petersburg, indefinitely postponed, by a

Resolved, That the purchase of supplies or materials for the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, either directly or indirectly, from any member of the Board of Directors, officer or agent of said company, is wrong, and so far as the action of the stockholders of said company at this meeting can control the

Resolved. That no Director or other officer of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad company, shall become an undertaker, or make any contract for his own benefit, for work or labor to be performed for or on account of said Road, or be in any manner concerned or interested in making such contract, or in the profits thereof, either privately or openly, singly or

Resolved. That no person or persons shall be allowed to ride free over the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, except the Directors of said Koad, unless be or they shall be on the business of said Road. That no commutation tickets shall be issued to any person or persons, nor any discrimination made in regard to persons travelling over said Road; and that all Ticket Agents and Captains of trains shall attend to the strict enforcement of this resolution.

Resolved. That it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, to furnish a printed list to each stockholder of said company, thirty days prior to any election of Directors, which list shall exhibit the number of shares held by each individual, firm or corporation interested in said company. The amounts paid to the several officers and directors for services rendered, and all other salaries and expenses, are to be specifically set forth. The printing of said list to be charged to the Company.

Resolved. That it shall be the duty of the Committee of Finance of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, to examine not merely the books of said Company, but all the vouchers for all disbursements made for the same. This may involve more labor than a simple comparison of footings, but it is the

choice; on the third ballot Dr. E. A. Crudup, of Franklin, was elected; and on the fourth ballot Col. S. S. Royster, of Granville, was elected.

The old Board consisted of Messrs. G. W. Mordecai, Charles L. Hinton, and W. J. Hawkins, the latter the President of the Road. Thomas Miller, Esq., the other member, died some months since, and the

The Directors on the part of the State for the past year were Messrs, G. H. Wilder, of Wake, and A.

remarks by Mr. Rives, Mr. A. W. Venable, Mr. Mordecai, and Judge Ruffin, the resolution was re-

rectors. The Committee reported that the Governor would announce the State's Directors this (Friday)

M., the meeting adjourned sine die.

The Reports of the President and of the Committee of Finance represent the Road to be in good condition and more prosperous than at any former period. We will lay these documents before our readers in our next.

honors. The Union thus notices the appointment:

THE VICE PRESIDENT'S ILLINOIS LELTER.-Vice course of Senator Douglas in the late session of Congress on the Kansas question, he regards that question as settled, and that in the present contest dent would address the people of Illinois is pro-

nounced incorrect.

National Agricultural Exhibition at Richmond. The inaugural ceremony of the sixth exhibition of the United States and Virginia Central Agricultural

Society took place formelly on Tuesday last on the Richmond Fair Grounds, amid a large concourse of citizens. Gen. T. Tilghman, of Maryland, was introduced by James Lyons, Esq., of Richmond, and proceeded to deliver an eloquent and impressive inaugural address. Gov. Wise, Ex-President Tyler, Caleb Cushing, and many other distinguished per-

sons were present. The Enquirer gives full accounts of the Fair, and seems to be pleased with the display which is made, but the South pronounces it a "flat, lamentable and unmitigated failure." The exhibition of stock and machinery, says that paper, "is inferior to any previously made in that City. Melancholly looking people wander about the desolate grounds, with faces which indicate any thing but approbation."-The South objects to the charge of fifty cents as an admittance fee, and to the tax of ten per cent. levied upon competitors for prizes, and adds-

"The National Fair has attempted to supercede the Virginia State Society, and the result will be the utter disconfiture of the former. The old story of the brass kettle and the earthen jar has an apt illustration in the contest, and we cannot regret that

the present enterprise has proved abortive.

The great end of agricultural associations in Virginia should be to foster, develop, and enlarge her own farming interests. When these great objects are set aside for the purpose of sordid gain and cor-porate aggrandizement, we rejoice at the failure. We have no sympathy with speculations such as this seems; we have no desire to see a new system inaugurated in our good old Commonwealth; we desire-and in this we feel assured that we give utterance to the general sentiment-we desire to see all unnecessary restrictions removed from such exhibitions, and emphatically protest against the new and monstrous system of taxation introduced by the National Fair. This duty of ten per cent levied upon competitors for prizes, degenerates the manly competition to which the Virginia farmer is accustomed, into the miserable excitement of a raffle, and affronts the exhibitor with an unjust impost.

The whole affair is foreign to our tastes; it is uncongenial to our habits of thought as a people utterly at war with all our preconcieved views and opinions The management of the affair is alien to the soil of Virginia. The National Fair is an exotic which bears fruit distastful to our people, and the consequence is already seen in the blight which has fallen upon it."

Virginia Democratic State Convention.

The Central Committee of the Democratic party of Virginia have designated Petersburg as the place and the second of December as the time for holding the State Convention to nominate a candidate for Governor. The South says, "We had suggested a different arrangement, but accept the decision of the Committee with perfect satisfaction. The Democracy of the Cockade city deserve the compliment; nor will they neglect any provision for the hospitable entertainment of their associates from other quarters of the State. The place is easily accessible from every point, and abounds in comfortable accommodations. The party will cheerfully ratify the action of the Committee."

For the Standard.

The time is drawing nigh for the usual convention of stockholders of the Railroad companies of the State, and as the past year has not been very favor able for receipts, the likelihood is that there will not be money enough in hand for a usual dividend. What will be done? This, I fear, is as easily an-

swered as the question what ought to be done? Every prudent and honest man knows what ought to be done. He knows that the debts and liabilities of the companies ought to be promptly and honestly met, that the roads and running apparatus ought to be kept in good and safe order; and as all of them are in debt, they ought not only to keep down the interest upon their funded debt, but of such as is due, pay off as much as possible, and augment the sinking fund for payment of such as is payable

Every company that borrows money to pay dividends, or for that purpose, withholds the payment of just debts, diminishes its ability to discharge its deferred debt and grossly violates its charter.

Nothing but the profits can be lawfully divided. If a company may borrow money to declare six per cent., it may, with equal justice, borrow money to declare twelve, twenty-five, fifty or one hundred per cent. A honest man can see no difference in the principle; and all that is thus raised diminishes the ability of the company to discharge previously existing debts. Thus, suppose a company of \$100,000 capital, of half par value to owe \$50,000 borrowed money, and \$6,000 are borrowed to make dividends: it is plain that the loan of \$50,000 is become less secure. In plain words there is a subtraction by the stockholders for their own use of \$6 in each \$100 subscribed as stock. Such an operation is merely dividing out the stock, and dwarfing against the terms of the charter the artificial being created by the legislature with a full and complete stature. If it were necessary that the corporation should have the strength of its entire stock in order to render it a fit instrument to effect the purposes designed, then such a subtraction is not only unwarrantable, but is a fraud on the public, if it be true that a

To illustrate this more forcibly and give a practical turn to the matter, suppose the company does not borrow the money to make dividends, but issues a promissory note to each stockholder to the amount in the aggregate of \$6,000, and suppose the notes are not redeemed before the next meeting, then a new set of promissory notes is issued for the new dividend, and the first notes having got into other hands, the company is sued thereupon and ultimately funds the debt. If, at the next convention, the company should not be able to meet its debts, (among which the notes issued for dividends will be reckoned,) then there must be a sudden stoppage of dividends and an exposure of the poverty of the company, and down goes the stock. To avoid this still to make false dividends by horrowing again, the device is left. This time the money lender will demand security, and a mortgage is given on the road; thus the first debts of the company due to strangers, and created on the faith of the corparate property are postponed to the last debt, a debt really created

charter is a contract between the public and the

ital which he at first paid in. There is another device sometimes resorted to to give a fallacious value to the stock which is equally culpable, and destitute of good faith to the creditor and the sovereign, and that is to issue promissory notes for the dividends payable at a distant day,

to enrich the stockholder, and, is in truth, a mere

subtraction pro tanto by the stockholder of the cap-

say at three, four or ten years even. Now it is palpable that in a short time these little notes payable at so distant a day will greatly depreciate and fall into the hands of a money dealer, who will take special care to bring the company to a reckoning the moment they become due. The stockholders have no more right to raise money in this way than they have to procure from the company a note to each one for the whole amount of his stock and sell them in market to a note shaver.

It may be said that this mode of issuing promissory notes or scrip in payment of dividends is scarcely sufferable. I would myself have thought so, but I have lately had the most irrefutable evidence that it has been resorted to at one time by one company at least.

I have seen such a scrip which was issued by the Petersburg Railroad Company, and I give you a copy below. I have no evidence to what extent the practice has run-I hope it has ceased. This instance is given as a warning against the pernicious

Copy, (except the name of the payee) of a promissory note or scrip issued to a stockholder, and now

OFFICE PETERSBURG RAILROAD COMPANY,

Petersburg, July 1, 1854. On the first day of July, 1864, the Petersburg Railroad Company promise to pay-or order seventeen dollars fifty cents, with interest from date, payable semi annually on the first day of January and July in each year until the principal is paid, it being the dividend due him on five shares of stock out of the profits of the last 6 months.

Petersburg Railroad Co. By H. D. BIRD, Pres't. If this be a lawful mode of declaring dividends, what would prevent a corporation, heavily burthened with debt, from declaring a dividend of the full value of the road and its property, issuing scrip therefor, and mortgaging the entire property of the company to secure its payment? A ready mode of indemnifying the unfortunate, but patriotic stockholders of an insolvent company this would be, indeed, by handing over to the stranger creditors the marrowless skeleton of the corporation after the members had sucked out all the fat themselves. A LARGE STOCKHOLDER.

HON. JESSE G. SHEPHERD.—We are glad to learn that our esteemed fellow citizen, whose name heads this article, has consented to let his name come before the next Legislature for Judge of the Superior Courts of North-Carolina. Judge Shepherd is now riding the first judicial circuit under the appointment of the Governor and his council. It was at first doubtful whether he would consent to hold the appointment longer than the meeting of the Legislature. But we learn that he has consented to let his friends in the Legislature show their approval of Gov. Bragg's appointment by his election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Person.

Judge Shepherd has always been a hard student, he is an able lawyer, and will reflect credit on the bench. His associates at the bar in the counties where he practised will regret to part with him.-Courteous and respectful to all with whom he came in contact, he enjoys the confidence and respect of all parties. He will carry with him to the bench the best wishes of all who know him. Of his election by the Legislature there can be no doubt. Fuy. Carolinian.

Three Days Later from Europe-Arrival of The

New York, Oct, 26.-The Cunard steamer Persia, with Liverpool dates to the 16th, arrived off Sandy Hook this forenoon.

It is stated that Portugal agrees to give up the ship Charles Georges, provided the French vessels withdraw from the Tague previously.

The surviving officers of the Austria have published a card in Liverpool declaring that the Captain and themselves did all in their power to prevent the

A general massacre of Christians in Candia is feared. Two additional battalions of troops have been ordered to the Island. The mutineers of Mooltat have been almost totally

exterminated. The rebels were followed from Powree and defeated with great slaughter on the 5th of September. Four emissaries of Nena Sahib, captured at Gwalior, for attempting to corrupt the native troops, were executed at Gwalior.

The fugitives had been again defeated and dispersed in all directions. Renewed alarm at Calcutta, and the troops have been put under arms.

The Bank of France has lost 1,700,000 pounds sterling within a month. No reduction of rates in England although in open market the minimum rates is 21 per cent. Great dissatisfaction.

A nugget of gold weighing 2,100 ounces was exhibited at Melbourne. France has accepted the mediation of friendly powers in the dispute with Portugal. A pacific so-

lution considered certain. Discount of the Bank of France largely increased. The Money panic continued at Vienna. The Spanish and French vice consuls of Tetuan, Morocco, have been assassinated.

Details from China show that the British have de-

stroyed the forts (Mamton)-but spared the town. Mr. Reed remained at Shanghai. U. S. sloop of war Germantown in Canton river. Steamers Mississippi and Powhatan at Japan. Mr. Barber, who was recently appointed consul from England to Richmond, Va., has been transferred to the Island of Candia, and George Moore, Esq., succeeds him at the former place.

The Cesarewitch Handicap was won by Rocket by the length of his head. Prioress and Braver running a dead heat for the second place.

COMMERCIAL. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 16.—Cotton—sales week 48,000. Fine and inferior qualities slightly lower, but middling unchanged. Closed quiet Orleans fair 74. Middling 74. Uplands fair 71. Middling 71. Manchester reports unfavorable. Stock in Liverpool 495,000 bales-385,000 American. Breadstuffs dull, quiet. Fine qualities wanted. Philadelphia and Baltimore 21 a 22s. Ohio 22 a 241. Wheat quiet and steady. Western white 6s 3d. Southern do 7s a 7s 3d. Corn closed declining tendency. Yellow 31s a 43s. White 334 a 34. Provisions dull. Lard declined from one to two pence. Sugar and coffee quiet and steady. Rice dull and slightly high-

er. Spirits turpentine steady at 38s a 38s 6d. LONDON, 16th.-Spirits turpentine 40 a 42 shillings. Bullion in Bank decreased 20,000 pounds-Consols for money 98 a 98 . American securities unchanged. Atlantic Telegraph shares £340 a

PEACH AND APPLE BRANDY. THE UNDERSIGNED has for sale several barrels best PEACH AND APPLE BRANDY, from one to two years old. Also, 10 Barrels best Apple Vinegar; and 10 Barrels best Sweet Cider, just run from the Press.

SETH JONES.

Register copy three times. BLANKETS & SERVANTS GOODS.—SUCH as Kerseys, Wool Hats Linseys, Union Plaids, Ginghams, Homespuns-with a large assortment of Brogans, &c. For sale cheap at the new Store of LANDECKER & KLINE.

Pomona, Oct. 28, 1858.

Raleigh, Oct. 28, 1858.

Prime Pine Apple Cheese,
For sale by
JONES & MOORE.
86-4t. DRIME GOSHEN BUTTER-

October 26, 1858. TRUSTEE'S SALE. SHALL, ON THURSDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF NO-VEMBER NEXT, before the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, sell all the right, title and interest of

Thomas R. Fentress in and to a certain Lot on Fayetteville Street, in said City, conveyed to the undersigned by said Fentress by deed of the 8th October, 1856, in trust for cer-TERMS :- Cash. Q. BUSBEE, Trustes.

October 20, 1859. BROILING AND CHIPPING BEEF-

A small supply,

JONES & MOORE'S. Ortober 26, 1858.

COR SALE. - A NEW FAMILY CARRIAGE VERY cheap and terms accommodating. Enquire of the editors of the Standard. October 26, 1858.

which starting that that the introduction is

COAL, LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT, GUA-NO, Clover, Timothy, Bye and Oats for seeding, Salt. 2500 Tons Anthracite, English and Virginia Grate, Stove, Foundry and Smiths' Coal; 1200 Casks Lime and Plaster;

300 Casks Hydraulic Cement;

10000 Bushels Seed Oats, Rye, Clover and Timothy;
300 Tons Bird Island and Stearn's patent Guano;
Coarse, ground, fine, family packages Salt,
For sale at cash prices by
H. V. NIEMEYER.

Portsmouth, Va., Oct. 28, 1858.
Register copy.

NOTICE.—THE DELEGATES OF THE CHURCHES to the Baptist State Convention, are requested on their arrival, to present themselves to the Committee at the Old Baptist Church, where homes will be assigned them.

COMMITTEE.

PUBLIC SALE.

Raleigh, Oct. 28, 1858.

ON THURSDAY, 25TH DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, at the Forest Paper Mills, I will sell at Public Auction, on a credit of six months, all of the interest in said Company belonging to the estate of the late Thomas Miller, late of Granville county.

S. S. ROYSTER, Adm'r. October 28, 1858.

Register copy. HUNGARIAN WINES. HOSE in want of a superior bottled Wine, either me-dicinally or for dining and party purposes, will find the Hungarian Wine purer and infinitely better than any of the French Wines of the present day.

For sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD. Raleigh, Oct. 19, 1858.

HENRY V. NIEMEYER,

PORTSMOUTH, VA., COAMISSION MERCHANTA LUMBER, PROVISIONS, LIME, COAL, SALT, AND NAVAL STORES.

October 28, 1858. Register copy.

VALUABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to sell his Residence at Forestville, N. C., with 100 acres of land. The cleared land is in a fine state of cultivation, with a sufficiency of wood-land for fire-wood and plantation purposes. Forest-ville is just one mile from Wake Forest College, immediately on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, 15 miles from Raleigh. The neighborhood cannot be surpassed by any in the State for intelligence, health and morality. The dwelling house is a two story building, with six rooms. The out-houses, consisting of kitchen, smoke house, negro houses, carriage house, barns and stables, are all new framed buildings. A good well of water in the yard. I will also sell an excellent store house and lot in Forestville, all in good repair, and a good stand for a merchant. I will sell the above property cheap, and on terms to suit the pur-chaser For further particulars address the subscriber at Forestville, Wake county, N. C.

WM. H. MITCHELL

Biblical Recorder copy till forbid. SEVENTEEN HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND AND GOLD MINES FOR SALE.

August 17, 1858.

OFFER FOR SALE A TRACT OF LAND, devised to me since I left North-Carolina, lying on Swift Creek, in the county of Nash, three miles North-West of Hilliardston, and containing 1,700 acres or thereabouts. Six or seven hundred are cleared and well suited to the cultivation of cotton, corn, wheat, &c., a large portion of it being of creek bottom—the balance is well timbered, and watered

On the tract is a valuable gold surface-mine, which was worked by the late Jas. N Mann, and known to be profitable. A vein has also been discovered, and the ore taken therefrom found to be very rich. It lies within a few miles of the famed Portis mine. Division can be made of the mine and plantation so as to suit purchasers desiring either. Terms easy. Hon. A. H. Arrington, of Hilliardston, will show the lands to any person wishing to look at them, and

is authorized to sell. SAMUEL L. ARRINGTON, Montgomery, Ala. 34-w2m. August 28, 1858.

A Spendid Opening for Investment.

TOBACCO FACTORY AND FIXTURES FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBERS offer for sale their Tobacco Fac-tory, situate at Tally Ho, Granville county, N. C., immediately on the road leading from Oxford to Hillsboro'. The house is large enough and fixtures plenty to work thirty hands. There is also on the premises a single story Dwelling, with two rooms, a good Kitchen, Smoke House, Negro House, Stables, Crib, Steam House, &c., &c. A splendid opportunity is here presented to any one wishing to engage in the manufacturing of Tobacco. The locatio is a good one, being on the edge of the lands that produce as fine if not the finest Tobacco in the State. There is always money to be made by a well conducted Factory. The neighborhood is unsurpassed for health and good morals. Having sold out our Store at Tally Ho, and one of the partners of our concern having left the neighborhood, renders it necessary to close the entire concern, and we wish to do so as soon as we can, and therefore would like to have pro-

A. Fleming, at Tally Ho. COOKE, MEADOWS & FLEMING. August 23, 1858.

positions as early as can be done. For further particulars address A. H. Cooke, at Oxford, or J. J. Meadows and Dr.

LAND FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale his lands lying on Big Fishing creek, Halifax county, on which he lives. The Tract contains near 1,000 acres. About 200 acres of the land is cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The place is well improved, has a two story dwelling house with six good rooms and garrett, and several good out-houses, gin-house, cotton-screw, barn, stables, &c. There is an excellent spring within eighty yards of the house. There is about 125 acres of the land level low ground, lies in the bend of the creek The subscriber being very desirous to sell, invites purchasers to examine his place. It is a high, healthy country. The terms will be easy. Possession will be given by the first of January next.

HENRY B. G. PITT. August 10, 1858.

HILLSBORO' MILITARY ACADEMY. ON JANUARY 12th, 1859, the Institution above named will be opened at Hillsborough, N. C., to be conducted in chief by Capt C. C. Tew, now Superintendent of the State Military Academy, at Columbia, South-Carolina, and Mr. W. D. Gillard, a graduate of the South-Carolina Military Academy, and an instructor of approved experi-ence. The drill, discipline, and course of studies, will ass milate as nearly as practicable to those of the Virginia and South-Carolina State Military Institutions. The studies of the first two years, or preparatory course will be Arithmetic, Algebra, English Grammar, History of the

the advanced course will be announced hereafter. The Academic year will continue uninterruptedly from January 12th to the fourth week in November The charge will be \$200 per augum, payable as: lows: \$100 at the commencement of the Academic year: \$100 on nic year; \$100 on May 1st, and \$100 on August 1st, for which the Academy will provide instruction, text books, stationery, quarters, board, fuel, lights, washing, clothing, (except shirts, draw-ers, and socks,) and medical attendance.

United States, History of England, Ancient History, My-

thology, Geography, French and Latin. The details of

No pupil will be admitted under 13 or over 18 years of age, or who cannot read and write with facility. For further information address the undersigned at Columbia, S. C., until January 1st., after that date at Hillsborough, N. C.

C. C. TEW. September 15, 1858. 88-w14t.

THE UNDERSIGNED has, in Clark Co., A. kansas 12,000 acres of wild COTTON LANDS for sale, in tracts to suit parchasers, on as favorable terms as can be afforded in any portion of the west. These lands were located twenty-one, ears ago, and are equal, if not superior, to the same amount that may be found in any other portion of the State. These lands lie within 25 or 30 miles of Camden, Arkansas, a flourishing town, where from 10,000 to 20,000 bales of cotton are shipped by steamboats annu ally; and also within 20 miles of Arkadelphia, a flourish-

NUTICE TO LAND PURCHASERS.

ing county town that ships from 2,000 to 3,000 bales of cotton every season.

The above lands lie on the survey of the Cairo & Fulton Railroad, that is certain to be built within five years, hav

ing a large land grant from the government.

Any information can be had by addressing the under signed at Arkadelphia, Clark Co., Arkansas.

MICHAEL BOZEMAN. July 20, 1858.

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECRETAL ORDER OF THE Court of Equity for the county of Wayne, made at the Fall Term, A. D. 1858, I shall expose to sale at PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Home place, formerly the residence of J. B. Alford, on Tuesday, the 9th day of November next, at the hour of 12, TWO 1RACTS OF LAND, the property of the heirs-at-law of Wm. G. Alford, dec'd, situated in the county of Wake, the one called the Home place, containing about three handred acres, on Barton's creek, adjoining the lands of Edward McCullers, John J. Lee and others—the other, containing about five hundred acres, adjoining the lends of Alien King, John J. Lee and others, also on Barton's creek.

Terms of Sale:—Six months credit, with interest from NOTICE.

ton's creek.

TERMS OF SALE:—Six months credit, with interest from the day of sale—bond with two approved sureties.

G. V. STONG, C. M. E. Goldsboro', Oct. 17, 1868. (Pr. Ad. \$8.) 40-wet.

OLIN HIGH SHCOOL-MALE & FEMALE.

Rev. BAXTER CLEGG, Principal. MISS MARGARET TUCKBE, Assistants.

Other assistants will be procured, as the wants of the school demand, so as to secure full and thorough instruction to all the pupils.

instruction to all the pupils.

OLIN HIGH SCHOOL is aituated in the North-Eastern part of Iredell county, N. C., on the waters of Rocky creek, in a healthy section of country, and in the midst of an industrious and moral community, and is as free from temptations to extravagance and dissipation as any school. The course of instruction is full, and particular attention is paid to the elementary branches. All the teachers have experience; and the Principal, Rev. B. Clegg, is well and favorably known as one of the most successful managers and instructors of youth in the State. The government is mild and firm. It is gradually increasing, and offers strong inducements to those who have sons and daughters to be educated. Parents and Guardians are left to manage the expenditures in dress, to control the amount of pocket money, and to allow the making of accounts with merchants and others, or to interdict them as they think best. The trustees and teachers recommend and inculcate plainness, simplicity and neatness in dress, and frugality and economy in expenditures; but assume no authority to control them, and take no responsibility in these matters.

Terms per Session of 21 Weets.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEES. Classical Department, English Department, from Music on Piano, Use of Instrument, Painting,

Crayons, &c., Contingent Fee, BOARD .- Young gentlemen from \$7 50 to \$8 00 per month, exclusive of lights, and they wait on themselves. Young ladies \$8.00 per month, including fuel, washing, and attention. Lights will be furnished at moderate prices. Tuition and contingent fees in advance. Boarding Houses are kept for young ladies; also for young gentlemen—and they are requested to board separately. The Fall Session opens the 3d Wednesday in July, and the Spring the 1st Wednesday in January. The commencement is on last Wednesday of May, and the annual meeting of the trustees the day before, at 9 o'clock, A. M. A liberal share of patronage is solicited.

patronage is solicited.

By order of Trustees J. C. TURNER, President. P. TOMLIN, Secretary. e 14, 1858. 29—wly.* Iredell county, N. C., June 14, 1858.

GLEN ANNA FEMALE SEMINARY. THOMASVILLE, DAVIDSON Co., N. C. TERMS:—Board excluseive of Washing and Lights per Session of five months \$30. Tuition in the regular

Classes \$12. Music and ornamental branches correspondingly low. The Fall Session will commence on the 1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1858. Pupils are admitted at any time during the Session, and charged from the time of entrance. Catalogues containing all necessary information respecting the course of instruction, terms, &c., will be forwarded on application to

J. W. THOMAS, President

Board of Trustees

VALUABLE LAND-FOR SALE. OFFER FOR SALE A TRACT OF LAND in Wake a county, about twenty miles north of Raleigh, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, three miles from Forestville, and adjoining Wake Forest College lands, containing about thirty-seven hundred acres-the residence of the late Thos.

Alston, deceased. It is a healthy situation, and in a good neighborhood. The land may be divided in smaller parpels to suit purchasers. JAMES J. ALSTON.

Board of Trustees.

July 27, 1858. Register copy weekly till forbid. STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA-MARTIN COUNTY.-In Equity.-A. H. Mitchell and others against Samuel Mitchell and William Mitchell.-Petition to

ell land, filed Fall Term, 1858. To Samuel Mitchell and William Mitchell: Size:-You are hereby notified to attend at the next Term of this Court, to be held in Williamston, on the last Monday in February next, and plead, answer or demur to the petition of petitioners in this cause, or the same will be heard ex parte, and judgment entered accordingly.
Witness, C. B. Hassell, Clerk and Master of c

Court, at office, this the 27th day of September, A. D., 1858. C. B. HASSELL, C. M. E. [Pr. Adv. \$5,6216.] NOTICE.

OWING TO THE LOW STATE OF THE SUBSCRI-BER'S health, he offers for sale that valuable pro-perty in the town of Enfield, N. C., known as WHITA-KER'S HOTEL. It is unnecessary to say anything in reference to its repu-

tation. I can say that it is well patronized, and that ought to be a sufficient recommendation. For further information address the subscriber, at Enfield, Halifax Co., N. C. L. H. WHITAKER. LANDS FOR SALE.

STATE OF FLORIDA.—Middle Circuit in Leon County.
In Chancery.—Andrew S. Garr and others vs. Lewis Curtis and Nath'l Thurston, Trustees of the Apalachicola Land Company, and others. Pursuant to a Decree rendered in this cause, the subscriber will sell by auction, at the places and times herein specified, all the lands belonging to said Company embraced in "The Forbes Purchase," and lying in the counties of Leon, Wakulla, Gadsden and Liberty, viz: the lands lying in the first two named counties will be sold at Tallahassee, on the seventh (7th) day of December, and those lying in the last two, will be sold at Quincr, on the fourteenth

(14th) day of December next. These lands, comprising about a million of acres, extend from the St. Marks to the Apalachicola Rivers; they exhibit every variety of timber indiginous to this latitude, including, of course, live oak, cypress, cedar and juniper; the soil is adapted to the growth of grain, cotton—long and short staple, tobacco, and sugar-cane. The waters abound in fish, and the forest with materials for ship-building and naval stores.

naval stores. TERMS:—"One-third of the purchase money to be paid in cash, the balance in one and two years, in equal instalments, with eight per cent. interest from date of purchase; titles to be made by the Receiver when all the purchase

The sale will be positive and without reserve JOHN BEARD, Receiver. Taliahassee, Aug. 28, 1858. [Pr. Adv. \$10.]

HILLSVILLE ACADEMY. CARROLL COUNTY, VA. B. F. THOMPSON, A. M., Principal, J. AVIS BARTLEY, A. M., Associate Principal.

Associated with efficient instructors.

THE 16TH SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION WILL COMMENCE THE FIRST MONDAY IN AU-GUST, and continue twenty-one weeks. Board can be had in good families at six dollars per month. Hillsville is a village, near the top of the Blue Ridge, com manding a view of the most picturesque, romantic and sub

It is well supplied with good water and pure air from the surrounding mountains, and is renowned for health. It atfords as good society as our smaller towns generally. It is situated on our main thoroughfare from Tennessee to North-Carolina, over which passes a line of stages, and is within a few hours travel of the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad. Through the liberality of Messrs. Andrew S. Fulton, Ben. Rush Floyd and Alexander N. Chaffin, two Gold Medals have been presented annually for the last two years to the best speakers. The Annual Catalogue will be sent to any one desiring further information about the school.

July 7, 1858.

27—w6mpd.

MASONIC CLASSIC INSTITUTE, PERSON CO., N. C.-REV. JAMES : BRENT, Principal, aided by efficient assistants, commences its next session Wednesday the 27th of January 185. Board \$5 per month. Thition from \$71/2 to \$20 per session. Hillsboro' is the nearest point on the Central R. R. South Boston, on the and & Danville R. R. For particulars address the

JAMES H. BRENT. Dec. 12, 1857. 1215-wtf.

ACRES OF VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE, lying 4 miles North-West of High Point Depot, on the N. C. Railroad, 9 miles from Normal College. 16 miles from Salem, and 13 miles from Greensto ough, The situation healthy, in a moral and intelligent neighborhood. 200 acres in a fine state of cultivation, and the balance fine wood land. Deep River running through about the middle of the farm, and two creeks running into the river on the same, affords about 115 or 120 acres of the best bottom land perhaps in the State, all in a state of fine cultivation, with the exception of about 15 or 18 acres of the best kind of meadow land in a very fine condition. A good two story brick dwelling, good kitchens and smoke house, a large barn, stables, cribs, and all necessary outhouses. Among them are two houses suitable for Overseers or Croppers. An extraordinary spring near and convenient to the house, and seven or eight good springs on different parts of the farm. Fine orchards, both Peach and Apple. The subscriber being desirous to remove to Texas this Fall, will sell on reasonable terms in regard to both price and time.

price and time. J. K. PINNIX. September 13, 1858.

OTICE TO PHYSICIANS .- A VERY ELI-NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS.—A Value of the gible location in the northern part of North Carolina for a Physician, with all the conveniences necessary for the accommodation of a family, will be vacated shortly by its Those desirous of locating, will receive all necessary information on application to the Editors of the Standard.

April 2, 1866.

Reproperty the economic mediate, that the object unecount

He is singularly eligible at this crisis, since he has secession -trusting the Union, and the rights of his section, with an abiding faith, to the National Democracy. The pupil, the friend, and the compatriot of Andrew Jackson, he inherited from that old hero an ardent devotion to principle, and an ardent hatred of all trickery. He is, in short, an honest man, and one who cannot look without anger upon even the suspicion of fraud. As Postmaster General, he has had rare opportunities for the display of these qualities; and the North has learned to trust him, as well as the South. Should the Charleston Convention be harrassed by intrigues that I wot of; should it become disgusted by the pertinacity of some already discontented claimants; should it be wrapped too tightly in the web of intricate ques-

eighteen, a considerable decrease,

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

On motion of Judge Ruffin, of Alamance, the Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, of Warren, was called to the Chair, and Maj. W. W. Vass, of Wake, and Col. L. C. Edwards, of Granville, were appointed Secre-

In the early part of the day a discussion took place upon that portion of the President's Report relating to the prices of freights, in which Messrs. A. W. Venable, G. W. Mordecai, J. Davis, and others took part. Mr. Mordecai, who is one of the Directors, replied to Mr. Venable, explaining the rules by which the Board has been governed in this respect, and the practical operation of the tariff of freights. No action was taken on this subject by the stock-

may deem best. vote of 4,538 to 270:

same, is strictly forbidden.

jointly with another.

only way in which an examination can be of any The meeting then proceeded to the election of four Directors. On the first ballot George W. Mordecai and Charles L. Hinton, Esquires, of Wake, were elected; on the second ballot there was no

vacancy thus occasioned had not been filled.

C. Perry and John G. King, of Franklin. After the election of Directors, Mr. Rives, of Petersburg, offered a resolution directing the President of the Company to apply to the Legislature to so amend the charter of the Company as to authorize the stockholders to elect the President. After some

On motion, a Committee was appointed to inform the Governor that the stockholders had elected their Directors and awaited the announcement by the Board of Internal Improvements of the State's Di-

Whereupon on motion, at about seven o'clock, P

HON. J. GLANCY JONES .- This tried friend of the Constitutional rights of the South, who was recently defeated for Congress in Pennsylvania by the Forneyites, Douglasites, and black Republicans, has been appointed by the President Minister to Austria. This is a high compliment worthily bestowed. Those whom the black Republicans defeat the President

"Hon. J. GLANCY JONES .- It affords us great pleasure to announce that the appointment of Hon. J. Giancy Jones, of Pennsylvania, as minister to Austria, which was voluntarily tendered to him by the President, has been accepted by that gentleman .-The faithfulness and ability of his whole course in Congress as a national democrat have been recognised and endorsed by the country. As chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means in the House of Representatives-the most important position in that body-he was eminently successful. His persuasive manners and his admitted knowledge of financial questions extended his influence among the members of all parties, who placed full reliance on his statements. Should the tariff question be before Congress at the next session, his loss will be severely felt. But his appointment to Austria was eminently fit to be made, and we are glad that he has accepted

President Breckinridge, it is stated, has written a letter to the Illinois State Central Committee, in which he says that while he does not endorse the in Illinois he sympathises with Senator Douglas, and wishes him success. The report that the Vice Presi-